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DATA INTEGRITY REVIEW OF THREE MILE ISLAND UNIT 2: HYDROGEN BURN DATA

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ABSTRACT

About 10 hours after the March 28, 1979 loss-of-coolant accident began at Three Mile Island Unit 2 (TMI-2), a hydrogen burn occurred inside the Reactor Building. This report reviews and presents data from 16 channels of resistance temperature detectors (RTDs), 2 steam generator pressure transmitters, 16 Reactor Building pressure switches, 2 channels of Reactor Building pressure measurements, and measurements of Reactor Building hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen concentrations with regard to their usefulness for determining the extent of the burn and the resulting pressure and temperature excursions inside the building.

FOREWORD

At the request of the TMI-2 Technical Integration Office, a review was conducted by the EG&G Idaho Loss-of-Fluid Test (LOFT) Data Integrity Section of selected TMI-2 hydrogen burn data. The LOFT Data Integrity Section is responsible for qualification of LOFT data following each LOFT experiment.

Although other physical evidence is available related to the extent of burn and overpressure damage, estimation of the peak temperature reached during the burn from physical damage effects is difficult because of the apparent short duration of the high-temperature transient. Consequently, intepretation of Reactor Building temperature, pressure, and gaseous composition data is an important element in understanding what actually happened. It is important to know what peak spatial average temperature was reached so that the amount of hydrogen produced from zirconium-water reaction during the accident can be estimated.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to thank the following EG&G Idaho employees. James W. Mock provided tabulated data for 16 Reactor Building resistance temperature detectors (RTDs). B. Mack Galusha and J. Bruce Marlow were instrumental in entering the RTD data onto the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory Cyber computer. Douglas L. Reeder and Lorenzo D. Goodrich provided many helpful comments.

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DATA INTEGRITY REVIEW OF THREE MILE ISLAND UNIT 2 HYDROGEN BURN DATA

INTRODUCTION

All 16 resistance temperature detectors (RTDs) located inside the Three Mile Island Unit 2 (TMI-2) Reactor Building indicated a peak temperature following the hydrogen burn of less than 200°F. Using the equation of state for air, and the peak pressure (28 psig) shown by strip chart recorders during the burn, a peak Reactor Building spatial average temperature of about 1200°F may be calculated. In addition, physical damage to organic materials inside the Reactor Building indicates that temperatures greater than 450°F were reached. Calculations of the amount of hydrogen burned from oxygen depletion data in the containment atmosphere are not entirely consistent with any of the temperature or pressure data. The purpose of this investigation, therefore, is to determine which measurements are reliable indicators of what actually happened in the TMI-2 Reactor Building during and immediately following the hydrogen burn. A list of measurements reviewed is given in Table 1.

TABLE 1. LIST OF DATA REVIEWED

Resistance Temperature Detectors

AH-TE-5017, No. 1 Primary Shield AH-TE-5018, No. 2 Primary Shield AH-TE-5016, No. 3 Primary Shield AH-TE-5019, No. 4 Primary Shield AH-TE-5015, No. 1 Supply Air AH-TE-5027, No. 2 Supply Air AH-TE-5013, Ambient--Impingement Barrier AH-TE-5010, Ambient--Sump area AH-TE-5011, Ambient--let down cooler area AH-TE-5012, Ambient--let down cooler area AH-TE-5020, Ambient--353-ft elevation AH-TE-5021, Ambient--353-ft elevation AH-TE-5023, Ambient--330-ft elevation AH-TE-5024, Ambient--310-ft elevation AH-TE-5014, Ambient--310-ft elevation

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Once Through Steam Generators Pressures

OTSG Loop A steam pressures SP-6A-PT1 or SP-6A-PT2 OTSG Loop B steam pressures SP-6B-PT1 or SP-6B-PT2

Reactor Building Pressures (Strip Chart Records)

BS-PT-4388-1 BS-PT-4388-2

Reactor Building Pressure Switches (4 psig)

BS-PS-3570 BS-PS-3571 BS-PS-3572 BS-PS-3573

Emergency Suppression Building Spray Switches (28 psig)

BS-PS-3253 BS-PS-3254 BS-PS-3255 BS-PS-3256 BS-PS-3257 BS-PS-3258

Reactor Building Atmospheric Hydrogen and Oxygen Measurements

PRESENTATION OF DATA

Data from 16 Reactor Building RTDs and 2 once through steam generators (OTSG) pressure transducers listed in Table 1 have been entered into the INEL Cyber computer system under the file name TMIDATA, ID=BMG. Plots of these data are contained in Appendix A. Note that the OTSG pressure <code>-'ots</code> are designated as "qualified" data and the Reactor Building RTD data are designated "trend" data. The qualified designation indicates that the data are considered reliable indicators of the phenomena measured within the stated accuracy. The trend designation indicates that the data are not always reliable indicators of the phenomena measured and are useful only for discerning trends during some interval of the measurement.

Time sequenced data from the OTSG pressure transducers are given in Appendix B, and Appendix C contains strip chart records of the Reactor Building pressure as indicated by BS-PT-4388-1 and -2. Appendix D contains a record of the actuation and reset times for the Engineered Safety Features Reactor Building Pressure Switches, and Appendix E gives a compilation of Reactor Building atmosphere hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen analyses. Appendix F is a memorandum concerning the hydrogen phenomena, Appendix G is an interpretation of OTSG pressure data, and Appendix H is a report on the reactimeter zero offset shifts.

PERTINENT OBSERVATIONS

Temperature

Scorched paper indicated that Reactor Building gas temperatures had reached at least 450°F.¹ Polymers and numerous other objects were found that indicated temperatures of 480°F and 165 to 500°F respectively. The wide variation in indicated material temperatures reported in Reference 1 is probably due to variations in thermal diffusivities, surface area to volume ratios and heat capacities, and moisture content or moisture film thicknesses which existed on the samples just prior to the burn. Also, there is evidence, as reported in Appendix F, that the containment air circulation system was operating continuously during the accident. Since the Reactor Building atmosphere turnover time (free volume divided by the volumetric flow rate) was about nine minutes, it is unlikely that there could have been high local concentrations of hydrogen to account for the variations in material temperatures observed in Reference 1. In addition, Reactor Building pressure data indicate that the average Reactor Building gas temperature had decreased to between 220 and 240°F within two minutes of burn initiation and to between 190 and 210°F within four minutes. All these observations point to a maximum temperature during the transient of higher than 450 to 500°F.

CREDIBILITY OF DATA

Temperature

During the hydrogen burn transient, the Reactor Building RTD data plotted in Appendix A are only worthwhile for estimating trends. The data points were too far apart in time (6 min) to give a detailed understanding of the rapid heatup and cooldown transients during the burn. The RTD data are worthwhile for substantiating that a burn did occur, for indicating relative effects in various parts of the Reactor Building, and for studying more gradual temperature changes during the accident sequence.

Pressure

The OTSG steam pressure data when interpreted as suggested in Appendix G are reliable within the specified accuracy of the instruments $(\pm 2.7 \text{ psi}$ for the sum of deadband, repeatability, hysteresis, and drift) for estimating the change in containment pressure during the period from burn initiation, 13:49:12, reactimeter time to 13:51:00 reactimeter time. Since the response time of the pressure transducers (1.17 s) is somewhat slow, and also since the sampling rate (1 point every 3 s) is low, the peak value of containment pressure was missed. A test is now underway to confirm that the peak indicated value is within the instrument error band $(\pm 2.7 \text{ psi})$ of the actual peak pressure. Back extrapolating the pressure decrease curve to its intersection with the linear pressure rise curve certainly provides a conservative estimate of the peak containment pressure.²

As explained in Appendix F, three out of the four CTSG pressure transducers were not affected by buildup of water on the containment floor and the general agreement of the OTSG pressure transducers indicates a high degree of confidence. The time shift between transducers could be partly due to one transducer being submerged. (See Appendix B).

The trip and reset pressures indicated for 28 psig and 4 psig engineered safety features pressure switches in Appendix D are accurate within

 ± 1.0 psig for the 28 psig switches and ± 0.2 psig for the 4 psig switches. This accuracy is attributable to the accuracy of the Heise gauges used for calibration.

Additional credibility is lent to all the pressure data including the strip chart recorders BS-PT-4388-1 and -2, because of the general agreement of peak indicated pressures. However, since timely calibration data and operating characteristics of BS-PT-4388-1 and -2 and their associated strip chart recorder are not available, it is not possible to put numerical limits on the uncertainty in the chart recorder pressure data.

CONTAINMENT BUILDING HYDROGEN AND OXYGEN DATA

The data reported in Appendix E are not reliable for determining the amount of hydrogen burned because (a) the accuracy of the analytical techniques is unknown, (b) the representativeness of the samples is unknown, (c) the amount of oxygen and hydrogen produced by radiolysis of the Reactor Building sump water is unknown, and (d) the amount of oxygen consumed and hydrogen produced by corrosion of Reactor Building components is unknown.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on instrument specification data and agreement between multiple redundant measurements, the OTSG steam pressure data, when interpreted as described in Appendix G, and 16 engineered safeguards pressure switches provide a reliable indication of Reactor Building pressure during the hydrogen burn.

Due to the low sampling rate, the RTD data are suitable only for estimating temperature trends at different locations in the building during the hydrogen burn. The RTD data should not be used as actual values for the temperatures that were present during the burn.

The containment atmosphere gas composition data shown in Appendix E are not reliable for determining the amount of hydrogen burned.

REFERENCES

- 1. H. W. Schutz, P. K. Nagata, <u>Estimated Temperatures in the TMI-2 Con-</u> tainment Building during the 1979 Accident, GEND-INF-023, Vol. 2, August 1982.
- 2. J. O. Henrie, A. K. Postma, <u>Analysis of the Three Mile Island (TMI-2)</u> Hydrogen Burn, GEND-INF-023 Vol. IV. March 1983.

APPENDIX A RTD AND OTSG PRESSURE INDICATIONS DURING THE TMI-2 HYDROGEN BURN





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Figure A-3. Southeast stairwell ambient air temp 310 R-18A (short term trend).



Figure A-4. Southeast stairwell ambient air temp 310 R-18A (long term trend).











Figure A-7. Southeast stairwell ambient air temp 330 R-16A (short term trend).





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Figure A-9. West stairwell ambient air temp 330 R-5 (short term trend).







































Figure A-19. Sump pump ambient air temp 282 pump room (short term trend).



























































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APPENDIX B TMI UNIT 2 OTSG PRESSURES (DIGITAL) 13:44:30 to 14:00:03, 28 March 1979

APPENDIX B

TMI UNIT 2

OTSG PRESSURES (DIGITAL)

13:44:30 to 14:00:03, 28 March 1979

n an An Linne. The second second	OTSG-A	OTSG-B
Time	(psig)	(psia)
13:44:30	1.06274	267.037
13:44:33	1.24927	267.219
13:44:36	1.24927	267.219
13:44:39	1.34253	267.037
13:44:42	1.24927	267.037
13:44:45	1.24927	267.037
13:44:48	1.24927	267.037
13:44:51	1.34253	266.854
13:44:54	1.43535	266.671
13:44:57	1.62207	266.671
13:45:00	1.71533	266.671
13:45:03	1.43555	266.671
13:45:06	1.52881	266.671
13:45:09	1.43555	266.854
13:45:12	1.43555	267.037
13:45:15	1.24927	266.334
13:45:18	1.15601	267.037
13:45:21	1.06274	267.037
13:45:24	1.15601	267.037
13:45:27	1.06274	266.854
13:45:30	1.06274	266.671
13:45:33	0.87622	266.671
13:45:36	0.87622	266.489
13:45:39	0.87622	266.489
13:45:42	0.87622	266.489
13:45:45	0.87622	266.213
13:45:48	0.78296	266.123
13:45:51	0.78296	266.123
13:45:54	0.87622	266.123
13:45:57	0.78296	265.941
13:46:00 13:46:03 13:46:06 13:46:09 13:46:12	0.87622 0.68970 0.68970 0.87622 0.87622	265.941 265.941 265.941 265.941 265.941 266.123

	35 35 47 ⁻¹³	OTSG-A		OTSG-B
Time		Pressure (psig)		Pressure (psig)
13:46:15		0.87622	* <u>.</u> *	266.123
13:46:18		0.87622		266.123
13:46:21		0.87622		266.123
13:46:24		0.87622		265.941
13:46:27		0.87622	•	265.941
13:46:30		0.78296		265.941
13:46:33		0.87622		265.941
13:46:36		0.68970		265.941
13:46:39	*.	0.87622		265.941
13:46:42		0.87622		266.123
13:46:45		0.87622		265.941
13:46:48		0.87622		266.123
13:46:51		0.87622		265.941
13:46:54		0.87622		265.941
13:46:57		0.87622		265.941
13:47:00		0.87622		265.941
13:47:03		0.87622		265.941
13:47:06		0.876		265.941
13:47:09		0.876		265.941
13:47:12		0.876		265.941
13:47:15		1.063		266.123
13:47:18		0.876		266.123
13:47:21		0.969		265.941
13:47:24		0.876		266.123
13:47:27		0.969		265.123
13:47:30		0.969		266.123
13:47:33		1.063		266.123
13:47:36		1.156		266.306
13:47:39		0.969		266.215
13:47:42		1.063		266.305
13:4/:45		1.249		266.489
13:4/:48		1.436		266.489
13:4/:51		1.249		266.489
13:4/:54		1.063		266.489
13:47:57		1.136		266.489
13:48:00		1.249		266.489
13:48:03		1.249		266.489
13:48:06		1.249		266.489
13:48:09		1.249		266.306

	<u>Time</u>	OTSG-A Pressure (psig)	OTSG-B Pressure (psig)
	13:48:12 13:48:15 13:48:18 13:48:21 13:48:24	1.249 1.249 1.249 1.249 1.249 1.249	266.489 266.489 266.489 266.489 266.306
•	13:48:27	1.249	266.306
	13:48:30	1.249	266.123
	13:48:33	1.436	266.123
	13:48:36	1.436	266.123
	13:48:39	1.529	266.123
	13:48:42	1.529	265.941
	13:48:45	1.436	265.941
	13:48:48	1.529	265.941
	13:48:51	1.529	265.849
	13:48:54	1.622	265.758
	13:48:57	1.715	265.758
	13:49:00	1.715	265.758
	13:49:03	1.809	265.575
	13:49:06	1.995	265.575
	13:49:09	1.995	265.758
	13:49:12	1.809	265.375
	13:49:15	1.063	265.393
	13:49:18	-6.396	264.388
	13:49:21	-21.874	256.441
	13:49:24	-22.247	241.460
	13:49:27	-20.102	243.105
	13:49:30	-18.983	244.383
	13:49:33	-17.678	245.845
	13:49:36	-16.652	247.306
	13:49:39	-15.813	246.576
	13:49:42	-14.850	249.133
	13:49:45	-13.855	250.047
	13:49:48	-13.109	250.778
	13:49:51	-12.083	251.600
	13:49:54	-10.778	232.970
	13:49:57	-9.472	234.249
	13:50:00	-8.2610	255.345
	13:50:03	-7.2354	236.238
	13:50:06	-6.1165	257.354
	13:50:09	-5.3706	258.268

Time	OTSG-A Pressure (psig)	OTSG-B Pressure (psig)
13:50:12	-4.8113	258.907
13:50:15	-3.9722	259.547
.3:50:18	-3.4126	260.095
13:50:21	-2.8533	260.643
13:50:24	-2.2937	261.191
13:50:27 13:50:30 13:50:33 13:50:36 13:50:39	-1.9208 -1.4546 -1.1750 -0.9885 -0.7087	261.191 261.922 261.922 261.922 261.922 262.104
13:50:42	-0.5225	262.287
13:50:45	-0.3359	262.469
13:50:48	-0.0562	262.469
13:50:51	0.1384	262.652
13:50:54	0.3169	262.652
13:50:57	0.5034	262.635
13:51:00	0.6897	262.835
13:51:03	8.1487	270.145
13:51:06	9.0311	271.491
13:51:09	8.8945	271.239
13:51:12 13:51:15 13:51:18 13:51:21 13:51:24	9.1743 9.6406 9.4539 9.2676 9.4539	271.421 271.787 271.421 271.421 271.421 271.421
13:51:27	9.6406	271.604
13:51:30	9.9202	271.604
13:51:33	10.9658	272.883
13:51:36	11.5984	273.248
13:51:39	12.1580	273.522
13:51:42 13:51:45 13:51:48 13:51:51 13:51:51 13:51:54	11.3849 10.3865 9.8271 8.8945 8.1487	273.065 271.604 270.873 269.777 269.046
13:51:57	8.1487	268.864
13:52:00	7.8691	268.498
13:52:03	7.6826	268.133
13:52:06	7.6826	268.950
13:52:09	7.6826	267.768

	OTSG-A	OTSG⇔B
<u> </u>	(psig)	pressure (psig)
13:52:12 13:52:15 13:52:18 13:52:21 13:52:21 13:52:24	7.5894 7.5894 7.40283 7.30957 7.30957	267.585 267.219 267.219 266.854 266.854
13:52:27	7.12305	266.489
13:52:30	7.02979	266.123
13:52:33	6.75000	266.123
13:52:36	7.02979	265.941
13:52:39	6.93652	265.758
13:52:42	6.75000	265.573
13:52:45	6.65698	265.393
13:52:48	6.56372	265.210
13:52:51	6.63698	265.210
13:52:54	6.56372	264.844
13:52:57	6.56372	264.862
13:53:00	6.37720	264.479
13:53:03	6.47046	264.479
13:53:06	6.28394	264.297
13:53:09	6.56372	264.297
13:53:12	6.56372	264.114
13:53:15	6.65698	264.297
13:53:18	6.47046	264.114
13:53:21	6.37720	264.114
13:53:24	6.47046	263.931
13:53:27	9.45386	266.854
13:53:30	9.08105	266.306
13:53:33	9.64063	266.854
13:53:36	9.45386	266.489
13:53:39	8.70801	265.941
13:53:42	8.33521	265.210
13:53:45	7.49609	264.753
13:53:48	7.12305	264.297
13:53:51	7.12305	264.114
13:53:54	6.93652	263.931
13:53:57	6.56372	263.566
13:54:00	6.37720	263.200
13:54:03	6.28394	263.018
13:54:06	5.81787	262.835
13:54:09	5.91113	262.835

	OTSG-A Pressure	OTSG-B Pressure
Time	(psig)	(psig)
13:54:12	5.72461	262.469
13: 54: 15	5.53809	262.287
13:54:18	5.44482	262.104
13:54:21	5.33156	262.104
13:54:24	5.81787	262.267
13:54:27	5.53809	262.104
13:54:30	5.53809	262.104
13:54:33	5.55156	261.922
13:54:36	5.25830	261.922
13:54:39	5.25830	261.556
13:54:42	5.16528	261.373
13:54:45	5.07202	261.008
13:54:48	4.97876	261.191
13:54:51	6.75000	262.335
13:54:54	6.37720	2 ^c 2.652
13:54:57 13:55:00 13:55:03 13:55:06 13:55:09	6.19067 5.91113 5.91113 5.91113 5.91113 5.72461	262.469 262.287 262.104 262.104 261.922
13:55:12	5.91113	261.922
13:55:15	7.40283	263.200
13:55:18	6.65698	262.632
13:55:21	6.47048	262.287
13:55:24	6.28394	262.104
13:55:27	6.09741	261.922
13:55:30	6.09741	261.922
13:55:33	6.00415	261.922
13:55:36	6.00415	261.465
13:55:39	5.91113	261.373
13:55:42	5.91113	261.373
13:55:45	5.91113	261.373
13:55:48	5.91113	261.373
13:55:51	5.91113	261.556
13:55:54	6.00415	261.922
13:55:57	6.47046	262.287
13:56:00	6.65698	262.469
13:56:03	6.84326	262.652

Time	OTSG-A Pressure (psig)	OTSG-B Pressure (psig)
13:56:06 13:56:09 13:56:12 13:56:15 13:56:18	7.12305 7.21631 7.40283 7.40283 7.68262	262.835 262.469 262.652 262.652 262.835
13:56:21 13:56:24 13:56:27 13:56:30 13:56:33	7.58936 7.58936 7.21631 7.58936 7.58936 7.58936	262.652 262.469 262.469 262.469 262.469 262.287
13:56:36 13:56:39 13:56:42 13:56:45 13:56:48	7.58936 7.49605 7.68262 7.58936 7.68262	262.469 262.469 262.469 262.469 262.469 262.469
13:56:51 13:56:54 13:56:57 13:57:00 13:57:03	7.58936 7.77588 7.77588 7.77588 7.77588 7.77588	262.469 262.469 262.652 262.287 262.287
13:57:06 13:57:09 13:57:12 13:57:15 13:57:18	7.77588 7.96216 7.86914 8.05542 8.14868	262.469 262.104 262.104 262.104 262.104 261.922
13:57:21 13:57:24 13:57:27 13:57:30 13:57:33	9.64063 9.17432 9.08105 9.17432 9.08105	263.270 262.835 262.469 262.469 262.287
13:57:36 13:57:39 13:57:42 13:57:45	9.17432 8.98779 8.98779 8.70801	262.287 262.104 261.922 261.556
13:57:48 13:57:51 13:57:54 13:57:57 13:58:00	8.52173 8.33521 8.24194 8.33521 8.24194	261.373 261.191 261.008 261.008 260.825

	OTSG-A	_OTSG-B
Time	Pressure (psig)	Pressure (psig)
12.50.02	0.04104	
13:58:03	8.24194	261.005
13.58.00	8.24194	261.008
12.50.12	0.70001	201.191
13.50.12	0.021/0	201.008
13.30.13	0.24194	200.825
13:58:18	8,33571	260.734
13:58:21	8.33571	260.225
13:58:24	8.24144	260.643
13:58:27	8.33521	250.734
13:58:30	8.14868	260.369
13:58:33	8.14868	260.367
13:58:36	7.77588	260.277
13:58:39	7.77588	259.912
13:58:42	7.58936	259.912
13:58:45	/.40203	259.547
13:58:48	7.21631	259.364
13:58:51	7.02979	259 . 181
13:58:54	6.75000	258.999
13:58:57	6.65098	258.907
13:59:00	6.47046	258.033
13:59:03	6.19067	258.430
13:59:06	5.91113	258.268
13:59:09	5.91113	258.268
13:59:12	5.81707	258.085
13:59:15	5.72451	257.902
13:59:18	5.53809	25 7.9 02
13:59:21	5.53809	257.537
13:59:24	5.35156	257.720
13:59:27	5.44482	257.446
13:59:30	5.23830	257.446
13:59:33	5.25830	257.446
13:59:36	5.16528	257.354
13:59:39	5.25830	257.446
13:59:42	5.25830	257.354
13:59:45	5.16528	257.171
13:59:48	5.16528	256.989
13:59:51	5.07202	256.989
13:59:54	4.97876	256.989
13:59:57	4.69897	256.806
14:00:00	4.60371	256.806
14:00:03	4.6989/	256.989

APPENDIX C STRIP CHART RECORDS

APPENDIX C STRIP CHART RECORDS











APPENDIX D

TMI-2 ALARM PRINTER PRINTOUT SEQUENCE FOR 4 PSIG REACTOR BUILDING PRESSURE CHANNELS AND 28 PSIG ENGINEERED SAFEGUARDS BUILDING SPRAY ACTUATION PRESSURE SWITCHES

APPENDIX D

TMI-2 ALARM PRINTER PRINTOUT SEQUENCE FOR 4 PSIG REACTOR BUILDING PRESSURE CHANNELS AND 28 PSIG ENGINEERED SAFEGUARDS BUILDING SPRAY ACTUATION PRESSURE SWITCHES

Time	Input Number	Channel Designation	Action	Set Point (psig)
13.50.21	3167	A DSI DR Prossure Rod Ch Trip	High	3.6
13.50.21	2833	A DSI DB Pressure Red Ch Trip	Hiah	3.6
13.50.21	3278	A PSI RB Pressure Red Ch Trip	High	3.6
13.50.21	3168	4 PSI RB Pressure Grn Ch Trin	Hiah	3.6
13.30.21	5100		mgn	
13:50:21	2834	4 PSI RB Pressure Grn Ch Trip	High	3.6
13:50:21	327 9	4 PSI RB Pressure Grn Ch Trip	High	3.6
13:50:21	3169	4 PSI RB Pressure Yel Ch Trip	High	3.6
13:50:21	2835	4 PSI RB Pressure Yel Ch Trip	High	3.6
13:50:21	3280	4 PSI RB Pressure Yel Ch Trip	High	3.6
13:50:22	3170	4 PSI RB Pressure Blue Ch Trip	Hiğh	3.6
13:50:26	3264	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act B Ch 2 Trip	Trip	26.6
13:50:27	2836	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act A Ch 1 Trip	Spray	27.05
		-	•	27 2 0
13:50:27	2837	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act A Ch 2 Irip	Spray	27.30
13:50:27	2838	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act A Ch 3 Irip	Spray	27.75
13:50:27	3265	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act B Ch 3 Irip	Irip	27.35
13:50:27	3281	ES BIdg Spray Sw Act B Ch I Irip	Irip	27.85
13:50:31	3265	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act B Ch 3 Trip	Norm	26.20
13:50:31	3281	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act B Ch 1 Trip	Norm	26.75
13:50:32	3264	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act B Ch 2 Trip	Norm	25.40
13:50:32	2836	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act A Ch 1 Trip	Norm	25.80
13:50:32	2837	ES Bldg Sprav Sw Act A Ch 2 Trip	Norm	26.30
13:50:32	2838	ES Bldg Spray Sw Act A Ch 3 Trip	Norm	25.80
13:52:53	3170	4 psi RB Pressure Blue Ch Trip	Norm	3.2
13:53:14	3167	4 psi RB Pressure Red Ch Trip	Norm	3.2
			•	
13:53:32	3280	4 psi RB Pressure Yel Ch Irip	Norm	3.4
13:53:37	2833	4 psi RB Pressure Red Ch Irip	Norm	3.4
13:53:49	3169	4 psi RB Pressure Yel Ch Irip	Norm	3.1
13:54:01	2834	4 psi RB Pressure Grn Ch Trip	Norm	3.3
13:54:03	3279	4 psi RB Pressure Grn Ch Trip	Norm	3.3
13:55:15	3278	4 psi RB Pressure Red Ch Trip	Norm	2.9
13:59:15	28 3 5	4 psi RB Pressure Yel Ch Trip	Norm	3.3
14:01:44	3168	4 psi RB Pressure Grn Ch Trip	Norm	3.0